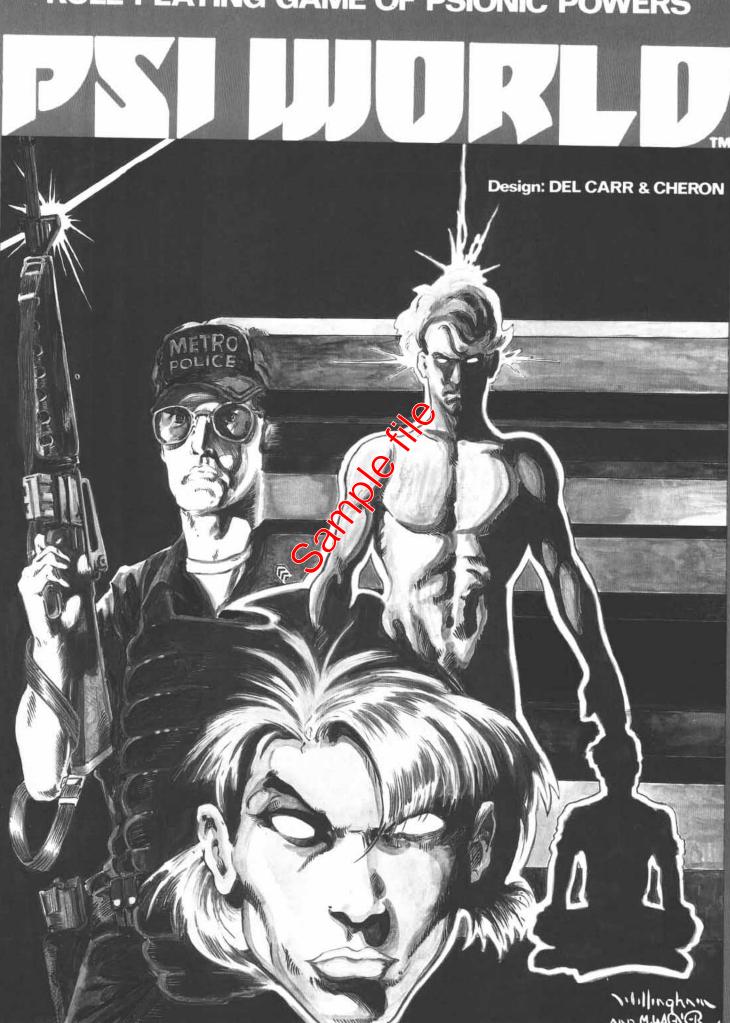


ROLE PLAYING GAME OF PSIONIC POWERS





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**PSI WORLD** employs a variety of types of dice. These are all contained within the common six-sided and twenty-sided dice. The following conventions will apply for dice in the game:

This game is fondly dedicated to our daughter:
Rebecca Patricia FitzGerald Carr
whose gestation coincided with that of the game.

The authors gratefully acknowledge the ideas and help of the following people, and we wish to thank them for their advice, their comments, and their criticism.

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# INTRODUCTION PSI WORLD

A multi-sided game system in which the players may choose to belong to either side in a sociological and genetic clash of power. The game is set in a world (maybe Earth, maybe not) that is slightly more advanced than the present-day technologies. Regular shuttles service both space stations and lunar bases. The near planets and asteroids have been visited by manned probes. Giant solar collectors beam energy back from space to power an active society in which both software and hardware technologies are well advanced. But most importantly, major psionic powers have begun to breed true in certain special individuals.

Due to this development, society has fragmented. Norms (normals) view Psis (psionics) with fear and loathing. Psis are segregated and ostracized. They react by binding together for safety and political power. The government, whose majority is composed of norms, has created the Psi Police to monitor and regulate the criminal use of psionics.

Using the following rule system and preceeding background information, the referee may create a world in which ostracized and outnumbered Psis fight for survival against a paranoid and totalitarian government. Or is it valiant government agents battle cunning and vicious psionic revolutionaries and criminals? Both are possible within the game.

Note: Referees should feel free to alter the following rules in any manner deemed necessary to fit their adventure worlds. Background chrome has been kept to a minimum in the rules sections to allow more referee freedom in setting creation. For a closeup of part of the authors' playtest world, see Book 2, The Psi World Adventure, for scenarios and design ideas.

# 1 ATTRIBUTES

#### 1A ATTRIBUTE GENERATION

Characters are defined by a series of attributes that numerically represent physical and mental abilities. These attributes are ennumerated and discussed below.

#### Strength (STR)

This is a measure of the character's physical strength, defining how much weight he or she can lift, and affecting performance of strenuous activities, such as hand-to-hand combat.

#### Agility (AGL)

This is a measure of body control and balance. It affects the performance of physical activities such as combat and acrobatics.

#### Dexterity (DEX)

This is a measure of manual coordination. It affects the performance of most craft, technical, and armed combat skills,

#### Endurance (END)

This is a measure of the character's physical resistance and stamina. It affects the amount of damage the character can withstand.

#### Intelligence (INT)

This is a measure of the memory, I.Q., and general mental ability. A affects the over-all performance of the character.

#### Will (WIL)

This is a measure of the character's strength of mind us sed as a protection against psionic attack.

#### Psionic Power (PSI)

This is a measure of psionic strength. It is applicable only to psionic players. See the expanded explanations under Psionics.

Characteristics are generated randomly by the use of two ten-sided dice (2d10). Two methods are recommended, the random method and the design method.

Random method: 2d10 are rolled and added for each attribute in order, and the numbers are recorded sequentially.

Design method: 2d10 are rolled and added. This is done six (or seven, for psionics) times, and the numbers recorded. The numbers are then assigned to the attributes as desired.

Example: To show how character generation works, we will generate 'Red' Larson from the introduction. We will be seeing quite a bit of Red throughout the rule system as we proceed.

Name: Red	L	31.	so	n															7	V	06	Psionic *
Strength										<u></u>			्									10+8=18
Agility						,		,							,							7+9=16
Dexterity	·					į.		,	٠													9+1=10
Endurance.																						
Intelligence	·		·	4	į,			2		Ţ		÷				4	,	,			,	.4+1=5
Will	ï				,	i	÷			,		,										. 7+2=9
Psionics	,	×												٠	,							.3+4=7

\*Note: The decision as to whether a character is Psi or Norm is left totally up to the player, although the referee may state a desire for only one character type for a specific scenario.

Looking at Red's attributes, we see that he is strong on physical attributes (STR and AGL are above average, and DEX and END are

average); while his mental attributes are weak (INT is below average, WIL is average, and PSI is low to average). Thus, Red is more of a doer than a thinker.

#### 1B ATTRIBUTE SAVING THROWS (AST)

For each attribute, except PSI, an attribute saving throw will be generated. This is done by multiplying the stat in question by four.

Attribute saving throws are used when the character wishes to perform an action not covered by one of the listed skills. Under no circumstances should an AST replace a skill, (i.e. a character may not request an AST in order to pick a lock when he doesn't have locksmith skills). ASTs may be modified by the referee to fit the situation. The player must or iqual to or less than the AST on d100 to accomplish the desire faction.

Example: Red wishes to leave a bar by jumping through the plate-glass window as the police have just come through the front door after him. His AGL is 16, so his AST, in this case, would be 64 (16x4). Now suppose that the lights had just gone out and that there were four men locked in mortal combat in front of the window. The referee would probably modify Red's chances to 48 (16x3) or even 32 (16x2).

Note that modifications can also be expressed as pluses or minuses to the AST, such as giving Red a -20 or -30 on his roll.

# 1C ATTRIBUTE-BASED MODIFIERS

A character's attributes will modify his/her performance. These modifications are explained in the following tables. For more information on the functioning of the modifiers, see the appropriate section under Combat.

### 1C.1 INITIATIVE FACTOR

Initiative factor is used to determine which character will act first in a given round. To find the factor, add the AGL and WIL scores and divide by two, rounding up. (AGL+WIL)/2.

In practice, all characters involved in a given situation will roll a sixsided die (1d6) and add their initiative factor. The highest number acts first, then the next highest, and so on. In the case of a tie, the highest base initiative factor has first action. If both base initiative factors are equal, then the actions are considered to be simultaneous.

#### 1C.2 DEFENSE BONUS

In combat, a character's attributes will make him/her either easier or harder to hit. To find a character's defense bonus, consult the following tables, add the results together. The number may be positive or negative.

Agility		Intelligence	1
01-05	+5	01-05	+2
06-07	+2	06-07	+1
08-12	0	08-12	0
13-14	-2	13-14	-1
15-16	-5	15-16	-2
17-18	-10	17-18	-5
19-20	-15	19-20	-10

Note: These bonuses apply only if the character is aware of the attack,

A character's defense bonus is added to the opponent's roll to hit the character. A negative number means your character is harder to hit; a positive number, easier.

#### 1C,3 BONUS TO HIT

A character's attributes will modify his/her ability to hit a given target in a combat situation. These modifiers apply to all attempts to strike or hit a target.

Dexterity		Intelligence	
01-05	-5	01-05	-2
06-07	-2	06-07	-1
08-12	0	08-12	0
13-14	+2	13-14	+1
15-16	+5	15-16	+2
17-18	+10	17-18	+5
19-20	+15	19-20	+10

The results of these tables are added together to get the character's bonus to hit. A negative number represents a minus due to poor coordination.

#### 1C.4 DAMAGE BONUS

In combat, a character's attributes will affect the amount of damage done to an opponent. These bonuses apply to all full-strength or unimpeded attacks. A character at half hit points or less is not entitled to these bonuses; any positive bonuses will be forfeited, and negative bonuses will be doubled. The referee may also deny these bonuses based on the situation.

Projectile V (DEX + IN		Hand-Held Weapons (STR + AGL)/2				
01-05	-2	01-05	-2			
06-07	-1	06-07	-1			
08-12	0	08-12	0			
13-14	+1	13-14	+1			
15-16	+2	15-16	+2			
17-18	+3	17-18	+4			
19-20	+4	19-20	+6			

This bonus is added to the character's damage roll after a it has been scored. Any hit will do a minimum amount of one (C) beint of damage, even if the results of the damage modifiers in lice; a negative number.

Example: Looking at Red's character sheet . . .

NAME:	Red	Larson	
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T	VE	F.	Psi	inn	in
	r	₽.	L21	OH	H

		AST
STR	18	72
AGL	16	64
DEX	10	40
END	11	44
INT	5	20
WIL	9	36
PSI .	7	01 -03

\*Attribute Saving Throw

Initiative Factor: (16+5)/2=10.5 round to 11. Defense Bonuses: AGL=-5, INT=+2, Total -3

Damage Bonuses:

Projectile: (10+5)/2=8 Bonus=0 Hand Held: (18+16)/2=17 Bonus=+4 Bonus to Hit: DEX=0, INT=-2, Total -2

#### 1C.5 HIT POINTS

Hit points represent the amount of damage a character can suffer before being disabled or dying. Hit points are found by adding the average of Strength and Will to Endurance and dividing by two (e.g. [(STR+WIL)/2+END]/2) This yields a Hit Point Number (HPN). One three-sided die (1d3) is rolled for each point of the HPN. This yields a character's hit point base, which is modified by the tables below for each of the three attributes.

Endurance
01-05 -2
06-07 -1
08-12 0
13-14 +1
15-16 +2
17-18 +4
19-20 +6

The hit point bonus from these tables is added to the character's hit point base. This is the total number of hit points the character will ever have, unless he/she raises his/her attributes in some way. Then, the hit points are refigured. Note that any character with zero or less hit points after modification is considered to have died at birth. Roll a new character, and better luck next time.

Hit points are also found for specific body areas. This is done using the following table.

Head: 5 + 10% of total hit points
Chest: 6 + 25% of total hit points
Abdomen: 6 + 25% of total hit points
Each Arm: 4 + 10% of total hit points
Each Leg: 4 + 10% of total hit points

Hit points are lost in combat whenever the character sustains damage. The amount of damage is subtracted from both the specific area hit and the total. If the total hit points are reduced to zero, the character is considered unconscious, and can be revived only by professional medical attention. If total hit points go into the negative, the character is considered to be mortally wounded and slowly dying. The character's Endurance rating is the number of rounds that the individual can survive a negative hit point rating without medical attention. Treatment may be attempted at any time before the endurance limit is reached. If the about it is not begun in time or is unsuccessful, the character is considered dead.

A character reduced to negative hit points will continue to lose one point per round until either he/she dies or gets medical attention.

Effects of wounds to specific areas, when damage is greater than area hit points are as follows:

Head Unconscious for minimum of one hour, plus one hour

per point over area total.

Chest or Movement, attack, and defense all at one-half normal.

Abdomen

Arm Arm disabled, not usable until healed.
Leg\* Leg disabled, movement at ½ normal.

\*Note: If both legs are disabled, character is down, and actions are severely restricted. For more information on disabling effects of wounds, see the Combat section, For healing, see Skills.

A character subtracts from his total only the amount of damage the area could have taken at maximum strength,

# Example:

It is time to figure Red's hit points. The average of his strength (18) and his will (9) is 13.5, which rounds up to 14. Adding this to his endurance (11) and dividing by two, we get 12.5, which rounds up to 13. Red's player now rolls 13 d3 for the hit point base. Having a bad day with the dice, he only rolls 18 for the base number of hit points.

Checking the bonus charts, we see that Red receives a bonus of +3 due to his Strength. Both his Will and Endurance are in the 08-12 range, so he gets no bonuses there. Red has a total of 21 hit points.

Using the area hit point tables, we get the following area figures: Head: 7, Chest: 11, Abdomen: 11, R. Arm: 6, L. Arm: 6, R. Leg: 6, L. Leg: 6.

In figuring the percentages for the individual areas, round to the nearest whole number. Thus 10% of 21 = 2.1 or 2. If the decimal is .5 or above, round up, if below .5, round down.

Now suppose that Red gets into a fight and sustains ten points of damage to his right arm. The arm can only take 6 points, so it is totally disabled, and 6 points are subtracted from the total hit points for the character.

#### 1C.6 SHOCK RESISTANCE

When a character sustains a disabling wound, there is a chance that he/she will be knocked out or otherwise rendered inactive. If a disabling